

# **Dr. Brandon Scharer**Achilles Tendon Repair Protocol

\* Actual timelines may vary per physician instruction\*

# Phase 1 - Maximum Protection Phase (0-4 weeks)

#### **Goals for Phase 1**

- Protect integrity of repair
- Minimize effusion
- ROM per guidelines listed

#### **Precautions**

• No ankle PROM/AROM

# **Immobilization/Weight Bearing**

- Immobilization in post-op boot with possible heel wedge vs cast patient dependent
- Non-weight bearing for 2 weeks

# **Manual Therapy**

- Manual soft tissue
- Lymphatic massage

# Strengthening

- Quadriceps, glute, and hamstring setting
- Hip strengthening
- 0-4 weeks: Multi-plane OKC SLR, etc.

# Range of Motion

- 0-2 weeks: No ankle PROM/AROM
- 2-4 weeks: DF limited to 0° AROM; PF PROM only, not limited

#### **Modalities**

- Vaso pneumatic compression for edema management 2-3x/week (15-20 min)
- Cryotherapy at home, 3x/day for 20 minutes each with ankle elevated above heart



# Phase 2 - Passive/Active Range of Motion Phase (4-6 weeks)

#### Goals for Phase 2

- Begin Physical Therapy
- Protect integrity of repair
- Minimize effusion
- ROM per guidelines listed
- Scar tissue mobility

#### **Precautions**

- No kicking in pool for 10 weeks
- Avoid twisting and pivoting motions for 12 weeks
- Avoidance of impact activity for 12 weeks

## **Immobilization/Weight Bearing**

- Slow progression back to full weight bearing in boot, with body weight percentage increasing by 25% every 3-4 days if patient has controlled pain and controlled effusion
- NWB when not wearing walking boot (bathing, changing attire, etc.)
- PWB with supervision at therapy and while wearing soft ankle brace

#### **Boot**

• **4-6 weeks:** Walking boot to be worn at all times, with the exception for when awake and icing with elevation in a sitting position

#### Range of Motion

• 4-6 weeks: Begin DF AROM to 5° with knee straight, 10° with knee flexed

#### **Manual Therapy**

- Scar massage when incisions closed
- Manual soft tissue techniques for lower extremity musculature
- Joint mobilization to talocrural joint (Grades I-III)

#### Strengthening

- 4-6 weeks: Begin PF AROM to 5° with knee straight, 10° with knee flexed
- Sub-maximal isometrics inversion and eversion
- Stationary bike in boot
- Limited ankle and foot strengthening (towel crunches, marble pick-ups, DF/PF light band strengthening, etc.)
- Lower Extremity Strengthening Program (in boot)
- Hip strengthening (continue OKC hip strengthening)
- Quad strengthening (quad sets, leg-press, wall squats, etc.)
- Hamstring strengthening (prone hamstring curls, physio-ball curls, etc.)
- Initiate core strengthening

#### **Aquatics**

Initiate aquatic therapy program when incisions are closed
No kicking in pool for 10 weeks

#### **Modalities**

- Vaso pneumatic compression for edema management 2-3x/week (15-20 min)
- Cryotherapy at home, 3x/day for 20 minutes each with ankle elevated above heart



# Phase 3 - Progressive Stretching and Early Strengthening (6-8 weeks)

#### Goals for Phase 3

- Protect integrity of repair
- ROM per guidelines listed
- FWB in boot
- Strengthening of ankle/calf musculature

#### **Precautions**

- No kicking in pool for 10 weeks
- Avoid twisting and pivoting motions for 12 weeks
- Avoidance of impact activity for 12 weeks

## Range of Motion

- DF AROM: Limit to 10° with knee straight and 20° with knee flexed
- PF PROM: Unlimited, initiate isometrics

#### **Boot**

• 6-8 weeks: Reduce one heel wedge from boot per week

# **Manual Therapy**

- Restore flexibility hamstrings, quadriceps
- Begin light terminal stretching in non-weight bearing by week 8
- Joint mobilization to talocrural joint (Grade I-IV)

# Strengthening

- Stationary bike in boot
- Initiate resisted dorsiflexion, inversion, and eversion strengthening
- Continue resisted NWB plantar flexion strengthening
- Lower extremity strengthening (in boot)
- Core strengthening

### **Modalities**

· Cryotherapy after activity



# Phase 4 – Terminal Stretching and Progressive Strengthening (8-12 weeks)

#### Goals for Phase 4

- Gradually wean out of boot over a 7-10 day period
- Normalize gait

#### **Precautions**

- No kicking in pool for 10 weeks
- Avoid twisting and pivoting motions for 12 weeks
- Avoidance of impact activity for 12 weeks

# Weight Bearing/Ambulation

 Use a heel wedge in a tennis shoe or a boot/shoe with a heel to ease transition

# Strengthening

- 8-10 weeks
  - Stationary bike
  - o Initiate a light gastrocnemius/soleus stretch in a weight bearing position
  - o Continue with multi-plane ankle stretching
  - Normalize gait
  - Begin bilateral heel raises off of the floor progressing to off of a step as tolerated
- 10-12 weeks
  - Advance PF strengthening to unilateral as tolerated (single leg calf raises, single leg squats, step-up progression, multi-directional lunges)
  - o Initiate gastroc/soleus strengthening in gym (eccentric leg press)

## **Aquatics**

• 10-12 weeks: Begin treadmill walking and/or elliptical with progression in intensity as tolerated

#### **Neuromuscular Control**

• 8-10 weeks: Begin unilateral proprioceptive training

## **Modalities**

• Cryotherapy after activity



# Phase 5 – Progressive Strengthening and Return to Function (3-6 months)

#### Goals for Phase 5

• Return to function

# Strengthening

- Continue to increase intensity with progressive resisted exercises
- Increase intensity with cardiovascular program
- May begin cycling outdoors
- Begin multi-directional resisted cord program (side stepping, forward, backward, grapevine)
- Initiate impact activities
  - 12+ weeks: Initiation to impact exercise, sub-maximal bodyweight progressing to maximal (pool, GTS, plyo-press, AlterG), sagittal plane jogging only
  - o 14+ weeks: Multi-directional agility drills, cutting, pivoting, and plyometrics
- Continue unilateral gym strengthening program (single leg calf raises, single leg squats, eccentric leg press, step-up progression, multi-directional directional lunges)
- · Core strengthening

#### **Aquatics**

• Begin pool running program progressing as tolerated to dry land running

#### **Neuromuscular Control**

 Advanced proprioception on un-stable surfaces with perturbations and/or dual tasking, add sport specific balance tasks as able

#### **Modalities**

Cryotherapy after activity

### **Return to Function Testing (6 months)**

- Follow-up examination with the physician for return to sport
- Return to function testing per MD approval:
  - Criteria: Pain-free, full ROM, minimal joint effusion, 5/5 MMT strength, jump/hop testing at 90% compared to uninvolved, adequate ankle control with sport and/or work specific tasks

This protocol was reviewed and updated by Brandon Scharer, DPM, Sarah Burton, NP, and Katelyn Peterson, PT on 3/5/2025.



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